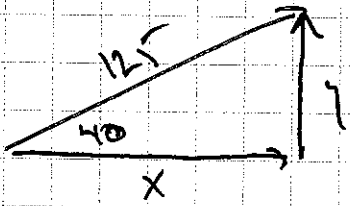


Projectiles 3

①



$$\cos 40 = \frac{x}{125}$$

$$\sin 40 = \frac{y}{125}$$

$$x = 125 \cos 40$$

$$y = 125 \sin 40$$

$$x = \boxed{95.8 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$y = \boxed{80.3 \text{ m/s}}$$

②

a) Since gravity is the only force acting on the shell:

$$\Sigma F = \vec{F}_g = mg = (5)(9.8) = \boxed{49 \text{ N [Down]}}$$

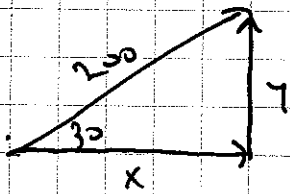
b) -49 N

c) 0

d) $a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

e) $a = 0$

f)

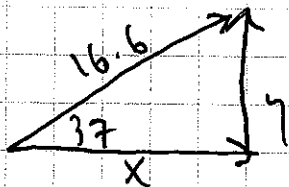


$$y = 200 \sin 30 = \boxed{100 \text{ m/s}}$$

g) $x = 200 \cos 30 = \boxed{173.2 \text{ m/s}}$

③

a)



$$x = 16.6 \cos 37$$

$$y = 16.6 \sin 37$$

$$x = \boxed{13.257 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$y = \boxed{9.990 \text{ m/s}}$$

b)

Vertical

$$v_i = 9.990 \text{ m/s}$$

$$d = 0$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = ?$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$0 = 9.99 t + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) t^2$$

$$0 = 9.99 t - 4.9 t^2$$

$$0 = t (9.99 - 4.9 t)$$

$$t = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad 9.99 - 4.9 t = 0$$

$$t = \boxed{2.039 \text{ s}}$$

c)

Horizontal

$$v = 13.257 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t = 2.039 \text{ s}$$

$$d = ?$$

$$d = vt = (13.257)(2.039) = \boxed{27.031 \text{ m}}$$

d)

Horizontal

$$d_x = vt$$

$$= (13.257)(0.6)$$

$$d_x = 7.954 \text{ m}$$

Vertical

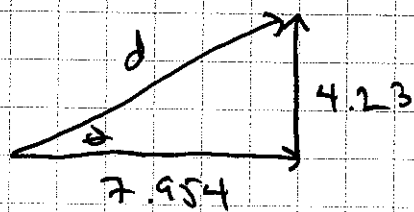
$$d_y = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$= (9.99)(0.6) + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8)(0.6)^2$$

$$d_y = 4.23 \text{ m}$$

Continued on next page

③ d) continued



$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4.23}{7.954} \right)$$

$$\theta = 28^\circ$$

$$d^2 = 4.23^2 + 7.954^2$$

$$d = \boxed{9.0 \text{ m } [28^\circ \text{ ATH}]}$$

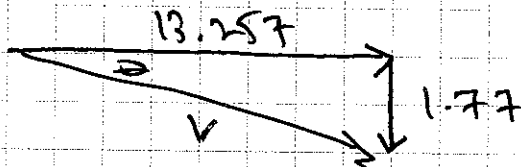
e) Horizontal

$$v_x = 13.257 \text{ m/s}$$

Vertical

$$v_y = v_f = v_i + at$$
$$= 9.99 - 9.8(1.2)$$

$$v_y = -1.77 \text{ m/s}$$



$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1.77}{13.257} \right) = 7.6^\circ$$

$$v^2 = 13.257^2 + 1.77^2$$

$$v = \boxed{13.4 \text{ m/s } [7.6^\circ \text{ BTH}]}$$

f) Vertical

$$v_f = 0$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$$

$$0 = 9.99^2 + 2(-9.8)d$$

$$d = \boxed{5.09 \text{ m}}$$

③ g) At max height, the vertical velocity is 0.

The horizontal is 13.257 m/s

$$\therefore v = \boxed{13.257 \text{ m/s [Horizontal]}}$$

h) 16.6 m/s [37° BTH]

Same as initial speed, but BTH instead of ATH.

④

Vertical

Horizontal

$$v_i = 16.6 \sin 37 = 9.99 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v = 16.6 \cos 37 = 13.257 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d = -122.5 \text{ m}$$

$$t = ?$$

$$d = vt$$

$$= (13.257)(6.122)$$

$$d = \boxed{81.159 \text{ m}}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$-122.5 = 9.99t + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)t^2$$

$$4.9t^2 - 9.99t - 122.5 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{9.99 \pm \sqrt{(9.99)^2 - 4(4.9)(-122.5)}}{2(4.9)}$$

$$t = \frac{9.99 \pm 50.008}{9.8}$$

$$t = \boxed{6.122 \text{ s}} \text{ or } \cancel{-4.083 \text{ s}}$$

⑤

Vertical

$$v_i = 10 \sin 45 = 7.071 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d = 2.3 \text{ m}$$

$$t = ?$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$2.3 = 7.071 t + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) t^2$$

$$4.9 t^2 - 7.071 t + 2.3 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{7.071 \pm \sqrt{(7.071)^2 - 4(4.9)(2.3)}}{2(4.9)}$$

$$t = \frac{7.071 \pm 2.218}{9.8}$$

$$t = 0.495 \text{ s} \quad \text{or} \quad \boxed{0.948 \text{ s}}$$

↑

on the way up

↑

on the way back down
(more likely to actually happen, if you think about it)